A Systems Feedback Control Loop Representation of the Resource Management Process

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# Introduction

- We rely on control systems every day
  - Thermostat
  - Car cruise control
  - Airplane autopilot
  - Manufactured good
- Simple control rules have been applied in some fishery applications, but the potential of control system concepts has not been realized

## Goal

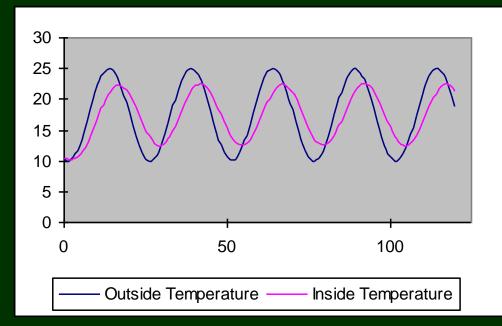
- Draw a parallel between engineering control systems and natural resource management systems
- Provide an example of the insight that this parallel provides

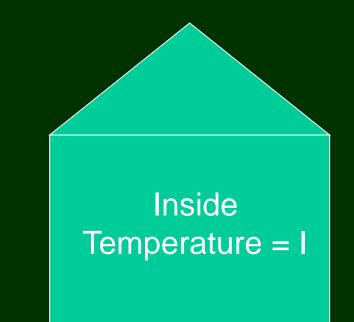
## House Thermostat/Heating System

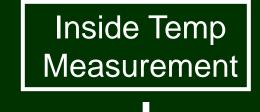
dI/dt = C (I - O)

where C is related to insulation and thermal inertia of house

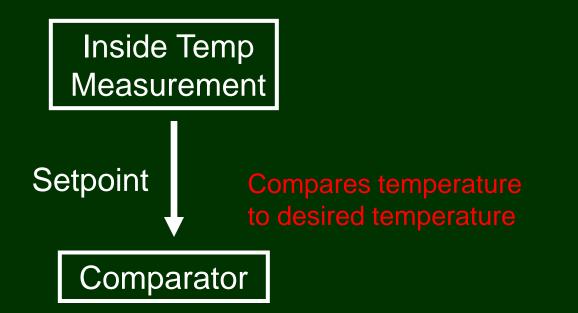
#### Outside Temperature= O

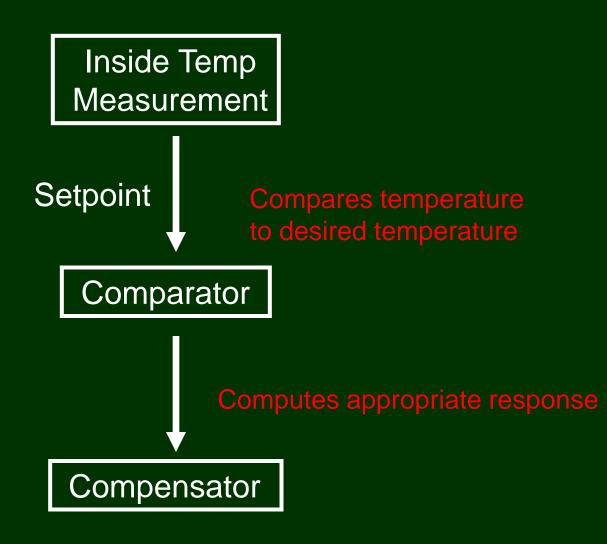


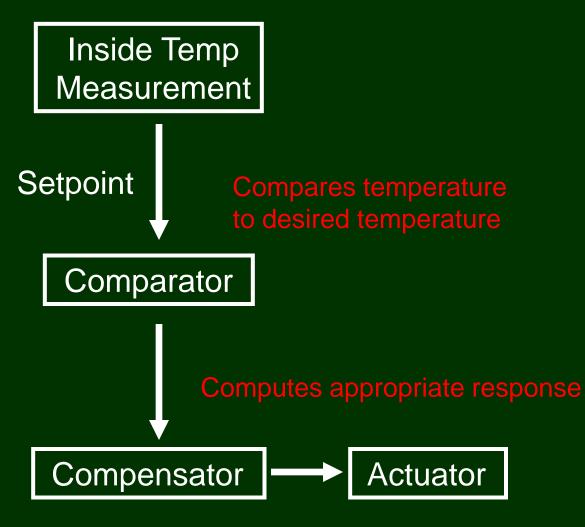




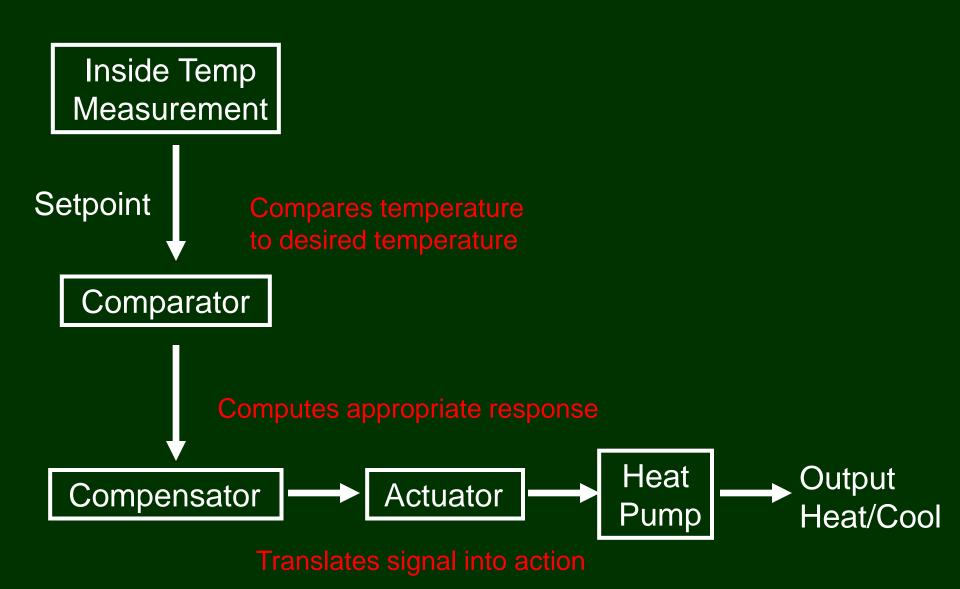
Setpoint

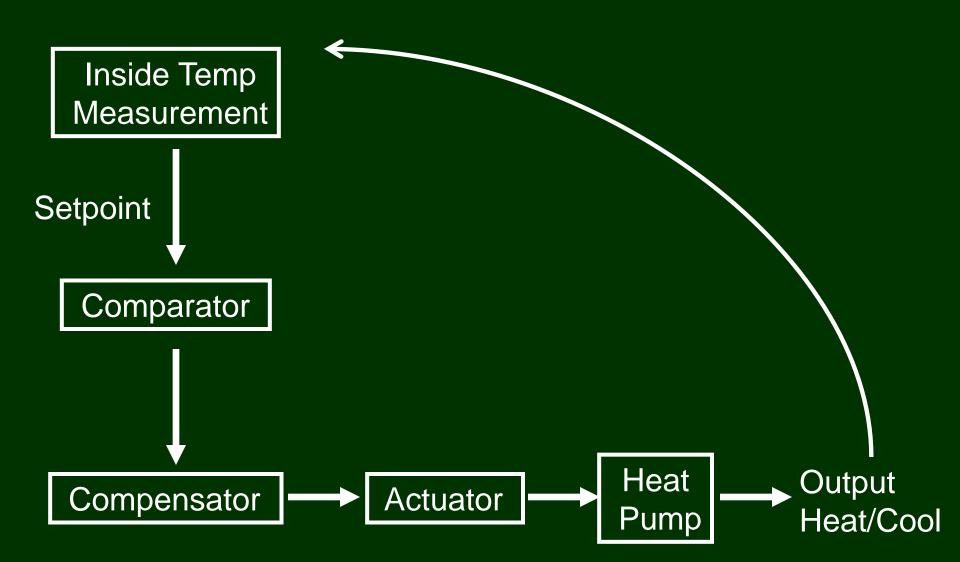


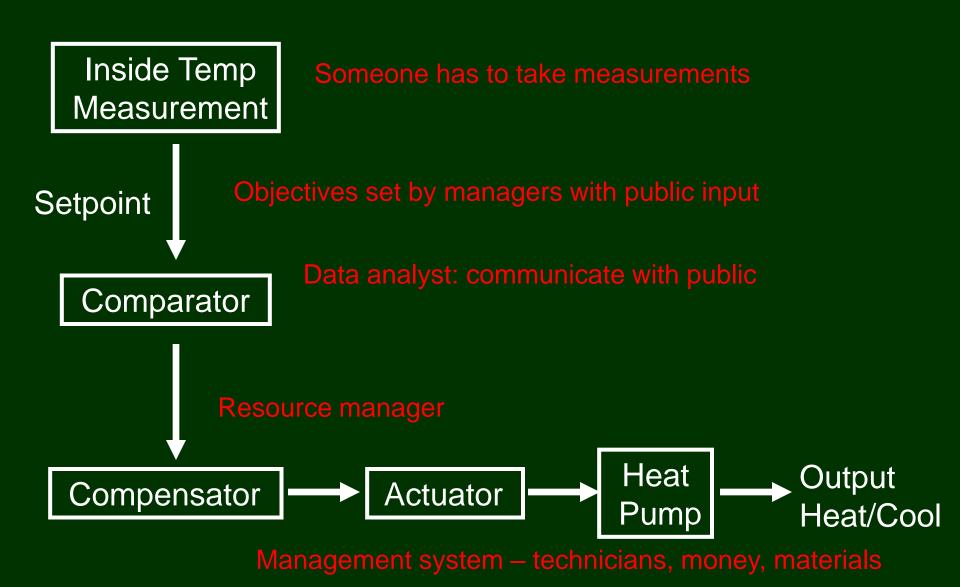


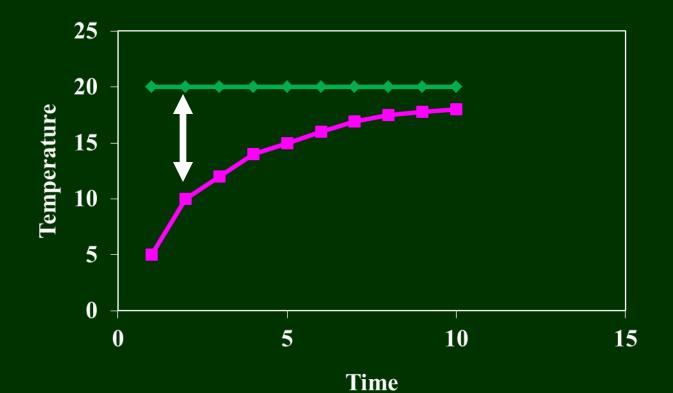


Translates signal into action

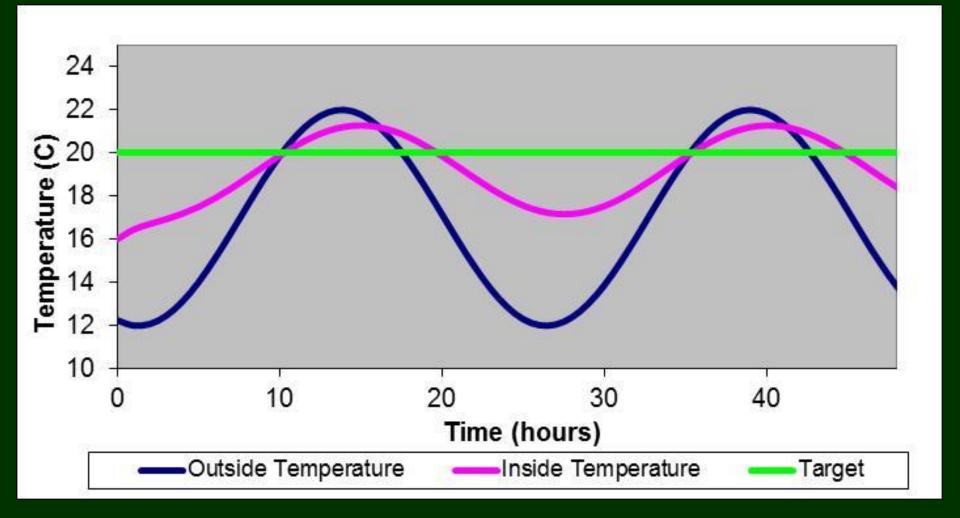


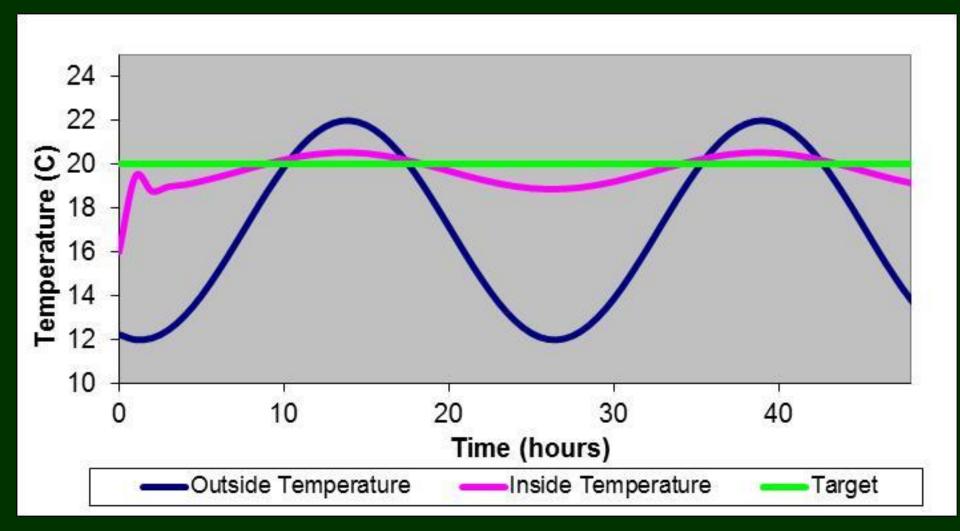


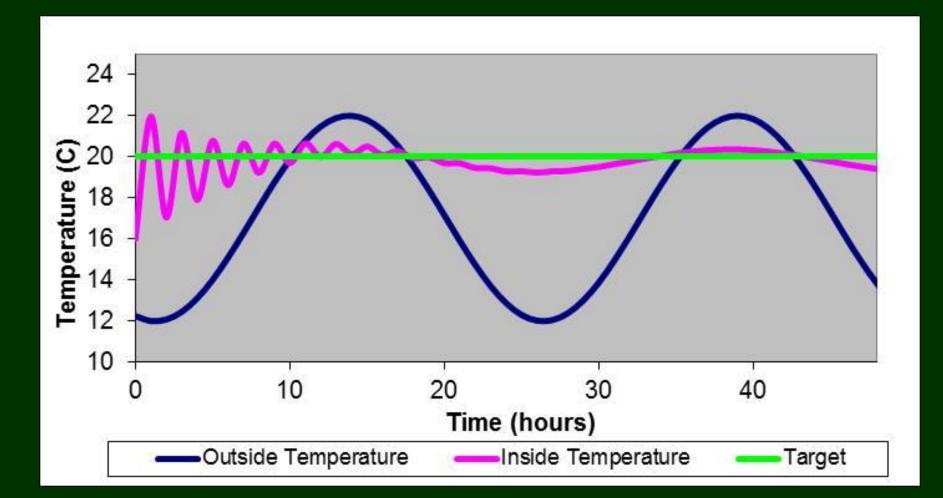


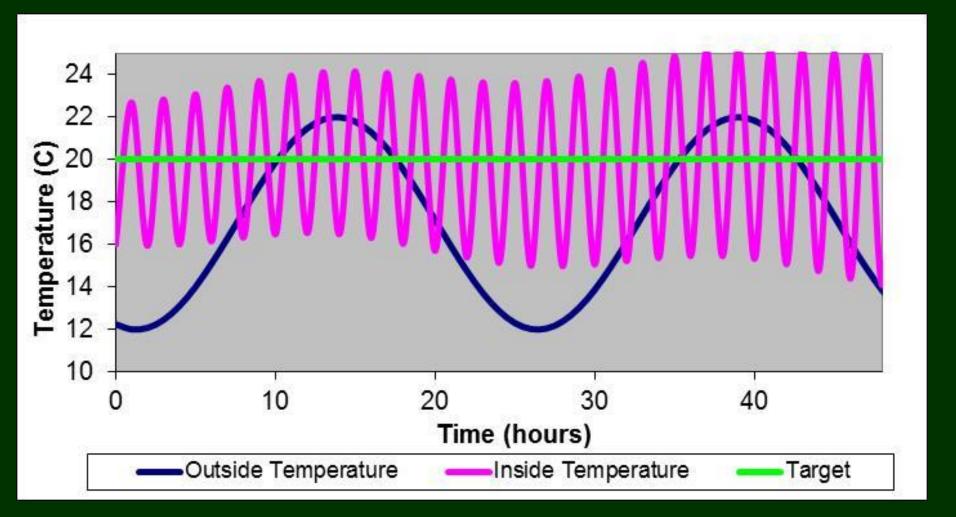


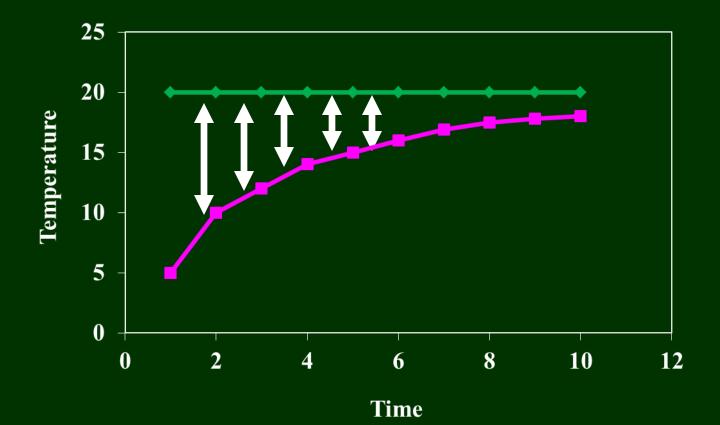
Proportional Control exerts control related to difference between target and observed temperature C = a + b(S-I)



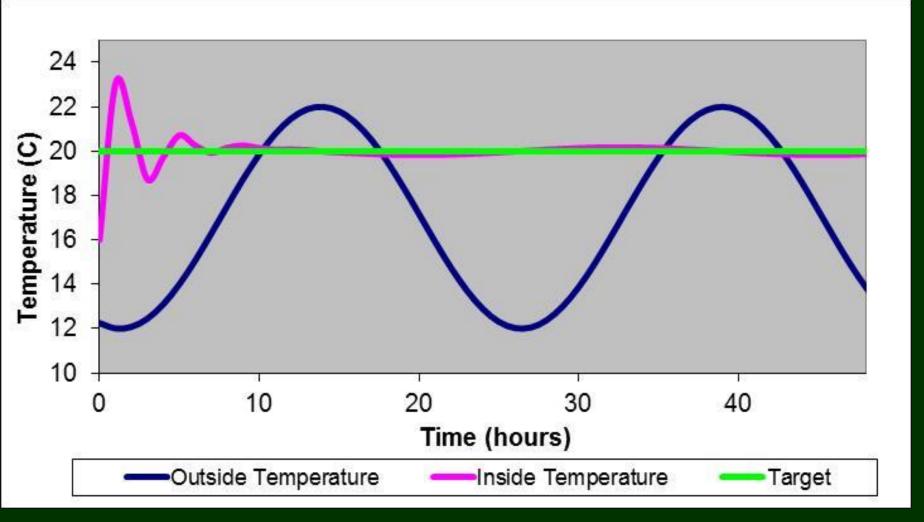








Integral Control exerts control related to **ACCUMULATED** difference between target and observed temperature  $C = a + b(S-I) + c\Sigma(S-I)$ 



#### Lessons

- The parallel structure between a control system and management systems helps clarify roles of different people involved in the management system
- Applying a control system concept reveals that our intuitive approach to control does not work! We need to think about accumulated error in addition to how far we are away from target currently